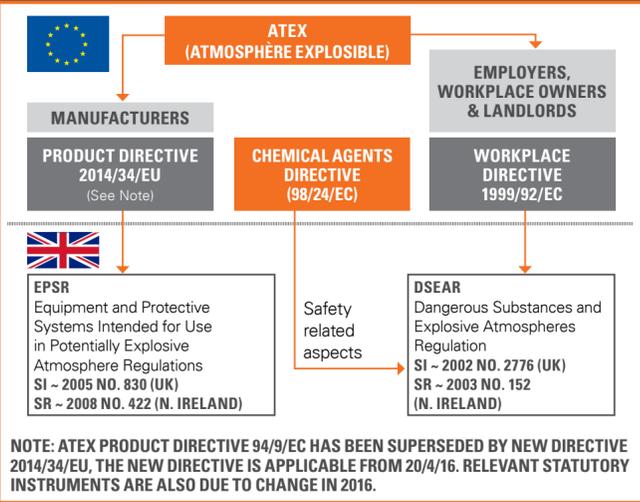




# 3 ATEX AND DSEAR: GUIDANCE FOR END USERS



## RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN EUROPEAN AND UK LEGISLATION



## ATEX WORKPLACE DIRECTIVE AND DSEAR COMPLIANCE OVERVIEW

PROVISIONS	DSEAR (UK)	ATEX 1999/92/EC	GUIDANCE
Assess the risks and identify the necessary control measures	Reg 5	Article 4.1	HSE ACOP L138
Implement the necessary technical and organisational measures including suitable provision for accidents, incidents and emergencies.	Reg 6, Schedule 1	Article 3	HSE ACOP L138
Classify the areas where potentially explosive atmospheres may exist into zones	Reg 7, Schedule 2	Article 7.1	EN 60079-10-1 EN 60079-10-2 Industry Codes
Mark the classified areas using the appropriate warning signs	Reg 7, Schedule 4	Article 7.3	
Inspect, assess, modify or replace the equipment on the basis of the level of risk and the ability of the equipment to create a source of ignition	Reg 5 & 6, Schedule 1	Article 3 & 4.1	EN 60079-14 EN 60079-17 EN 60079-19
Ensure personnel at risk, and others who may be affected, receive appropriate training	Reg 9	Annex II 1.1	
Create and maintain an Explosion Protection Document (EPD-ATEX 99/92/EC requirement only) or equivalent document referencing the necessary information (UK only) for the identified hazardous areas. Documentation must include an effective equipment maintenance and inspection regime	Reg 5	Article 8	HSE ACOP L138 EN60079-17
Regularly review and audit the areas and systems to ensure that they remain effective	Reg 5	No specific reference	HSE ACOP L138

*Note 1: DSEAR Reg 7(4), ATEX 99/92/EC, Annex II 2.8 Prior to new plant and facilities being used for the first time, the overall explosion safety shall be verified by a competent person*  
*Note 2: DSEAR Reg 11 Article 6, where workers from several undertakings are present in same workplace, the employer responsible for that workplace must co-ordinate the health and safety measures*

## ZONES AND EQUIPMENT CATEGORIES

Zones	BROAD DEFINITIONS OF ZONES (FOR GUIDANCE ONLY)	ATEX EQUIPMENT CATEGORY	EQUIPMENT INTEGRITY REQUIREMENTS
0	Explosive atmosphere is present continuously, for long periods or frequently	1	Equipment must be safe under normal operation, expected and rare malfunction
1	Explosive atmosphere is likely to occur under normal operation, occasionally	2	Equipment must be safe under normal operation, expected malfunction
2	Explosive atmosphere is unlikely to occur in normal operation and, if it does, will persist for a short period only	3	Equipment must be safe under normal operation.

*NOTE: ATEX Product Directive 94/9/EC has been superseded by new Directive 2014/34/EU, the new Directive is applicable from 20/4/16. Relevant Statutory Instruments are also due to change in 2016*

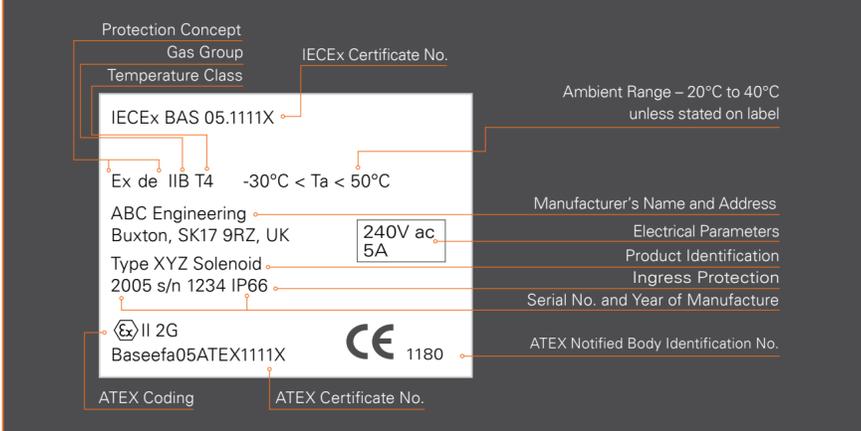
## RELEVANT STANDARDS AND GUIDANCE

AREA OF GUIDANCE	STANDARD OR APPROVED CODE OF PRACTICE (ACOP)
General Guidance DSEAR Compliance	ACOP L138 Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres. Available as free download from <a href="http://www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/books/l138.htm">http://www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/books/l138.htm</a>
Hazardous Area classification	EN 60079-10-1 – Classification of hazardous areas for explosive gas atmospheres EN 60079-10-2 – Classification of areas where combustible dusts are or may be present
Electrical installation of equipment	EN 60079-14 Explosive atmospheres – Part 14: Electrical installations design, selection and erection
Electrical Equipment inspection	EN 60079-17 Explosive atmospheres – Part 17: Electrical installations inspection and maintenance
Non electrical equipment ignition hazard assessment	EN 13463-1 Non-electrical equipment for potentially explosive atmospheres. Basic method and requirements <i>Note: This standard relates to new equipment but is useful for retrospective assessment of existing equipment</i>
Electrostatics	PD CLC/TR 60079-32-1: Explosive atmospheres Part 32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance (See part 32-2 for testing).

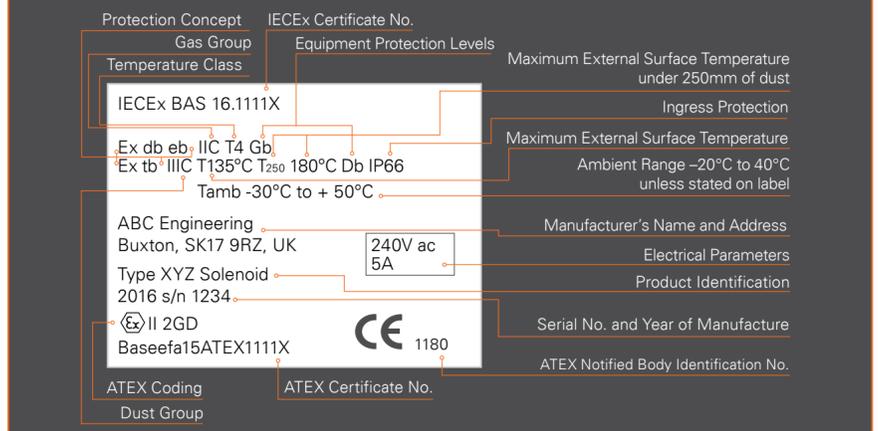
## ATEX CODING



## EXISTING LABEL EQUIPMENT MARKINGS



## NEWER EQUIPMENT LABEL MARKINGS



### GAS GROUPS

GAS GROUP	REPRESENTATIVE TEST GAS
I	Methane (mining only)
IIA	Propane
IIB	Ethylene
IIC	Hydrogen

*Gases are classified according to the ignitability of gas-air mixture. Refer to EN 60079-20-1 for classification of common gases and vapours.*

### DUST GROUPS

DUST GROUP	REPRESENTATIVE TEST DUST
IIIA	Combustible flyings
IIIB	Non-conductive dust
IIIC	Conductive dust

### TEMPERATURE CLASS

T CLASS	MAXIMUM SURFACE TEMPERATURE
T1	450°C
T2	300°C
T3	200°C
T4	135°C
T5	100°C
T6	85°C

### EQUIPMENT PROTECTION LEVEL

EQUIPMENT PROTECTION LEVEL	ZONE
Ga	0
Gb	1
Gc	2
Da	20
Db	21
Dc	22
Ma	Energised*
Mb	De-energised*

*G=gas, D=dust, M=mining \*in presence of explosive atmosphere*

### INGRESS PROTECTION (IP)

TYPE OF PROTECTION	IP RATING
Hazardous area equipment typically requires a minimum IP rating of IP54 but may be assessed and tested to the higher ratings below:	
Dust	Dust Protected
Dust	Dust Tight
Water	Protection against – splashing water
	Protection against – water jets
	Protection against – powered water jets
	Protection against – temporary immersion
	Protection against – continuous immersion

*See IEC/EN 60529 for full definitions of IP ratings.*

### SGS BASEEFA SERVICES

- ATEX and IECEx equipment/component certification
- ATEX Certificate of Personnel Competence
- IEC 61508 certification
- Quality system approval
- Assistance with DSEAR (ATEX user directive) Implementation
- Training and Technical advice
- IECEx Service facility Certification
- Technical file storage
- Testing

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WHEN YOU NEED TO BE SURE

